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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
10/644,933	08/21/2003	Kun-Ho Cho	1293.1958	7375		
21171 7.	590 06/25/2004		EXAM	EXAMINER		
STAAS & HALSEY LLP SUITE 700			SEVER, AI	SEVER, ANDREW T		
1201 NEW YORK AVENUE, N.W. WASHINGTON, DC 20005			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
			2851			
			DATE MAILED: 06/25/2004			

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

				1 4 1: (()			
		Applica	tion No.	Applicant(s)	nd		
		10/644,	933	CHO ET AL.	UN.		
	Office Action Summary	Examin	er .	Art Unit			
		Andrew		2851			
D: 4 6	The MAILING DATE of this communic	ation appears on t	he cover sheet with t	he correspondence ad	dress		
	or Reply		TO EVELDE * 1401	TI ((0) FDOM			
THE - Extended after - If the If No	HORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FO MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNIC ensions of time may be available under the provisions of r SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this commune e period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) o period for reply is specified above, the maximum staturure to reply within the set or extended period for reply with reply received by the Office later than three months after the patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATION. 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no enication. days, a reply within the statory period will apply and ill, by statute, cause the a	event, however, may a reply atutory minimum of thirty (30 will expire SIX (6) MONTHS pplication to become ABAND	be timely filed O) days will be considered timely from the mailing date of this condition (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Ştatus							
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed	on .					
2a)□	•	o)⊠ This action is	non-final.				
3)							
,	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposit	tion of Claims						
4)⊠	Claim(s) 1-29 is/are pending in the ap	plication.					
7,0	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5)□	S) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠	S)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-29</u> is/are rejected.						
7)🖂							
8)	Claim(s) are subject to restriction	on and/or election	requirement.				
Applicat	tion Papers						
9)⊠	The specification is objected to by the	Examiner.					
10)🖾	D) ☑ The drawing(s) filed on <u>21 August 2003</u> is/are: a) ☑ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
	Applicant may not request that any objecti	ion to the drawing(s)	be held in abeyance.	See 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
•	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to be	by the Examiner. N	Note the attached Of	ffice Action or form PT	O-152.		
Priority	under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12)🛛	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for	or foreign priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 11	9(a)-(d) or (f).			
a)	⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:						
	1. Certified copies of the priority de	ocuments have be	en received.				
	2. Certified copies of the priority de	ocuments have be	en received in Appl	ication No			
	3. Copies of the certified copies of	the priority docun	nents have been rec	eived in this National	Stage		
	application from the Internationa	•		- 1	ey Fuller		
* (See the attached detailed Office action	for a list of the cer	tified copies not rec	eived. Rodn Primar	y Examiner		
					111/		
Attachmer	, ,		4) 🗀 (***********************************	(. Y)	1 July 1		
	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTC	O-948)	4) 🔲 Interview Sumr Paper No(s)/Ma	mary (PTO-413) ail Date	/		
3) 🔯 Infor	rmation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or Prer No(s)/Mail Date 10/15/2003.			mal Patent Application (PTC)-152)		

DETAILED ACTION

Specification

1. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities: there are numerous

errors.

Appropriate correction is required.

Numerous typographical and other errors were noted, for example on page 7 paragraph 31

applicant refers to lens 15 and 24 and then later lens 18 and 23, clearly one set or a combination

is wrong.

Claim Objections

2. Claims 1-13 are objected to because of the following informalities: claim 1 claims in part

"a color separation hologram to separate the incident into beams with different wavelengths;" it

is not made clear what is made into beams with different wavelengths since incident is not

followed by an appropriate word such as light. Appropriate correction is required.

Claims 2-13 are dependent on claim 1 and are object to due to their dependency on claim 1. For

purposes of a prior art search and rejection of claims 1-13 it will be assumed that what is incident

is a beam.

Page 3

Application/Control Number: 10/644,933

Art Unit: 2851

3. Claim 23 is objected to because claim 23 recites the limitation "color separation hologram" in claim 22. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 5. Claims 17-19 and 21-29 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Nakanishi et al. (US 5,969,832.)

Nakanishi teaches in figure 1 a projection system comprising a light source; a scrolling unit (4 or 5) to simultaneously scroll at least two incident light beams from the light source;

A light valve (7) forming a color image based on color separated scrolling light beams that is based at least on one of the two scrolled light beams; and

A projection unit (9) to project the color image.

With regards to applicant's claims 18 and 19:

The scrolling units are specified in column 9 lines 8-21 to be holograms for separating an incident beam into beams with different wavelengths.

Application/Control Number: 10/644,933

Art Unit: 2851

With regards to applicant's claims 21-23 see above.

With regards to applicant's claims 24-28:

The method of using the system of Nakanishi to project is inherent in its existence.

With regards to applicant's claim 29:

The condenser lens (3) is used to control the width of the beam incident upon the scrolling unit.

Double Patenting

6. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

7. Claims 1-29 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claim 25 of copending

Application/Control Number: 10/644,933

Art Unit: 2851

Application No. 10,620,810 in view of Nakanishi et al. (US 5,9869,832) as applied to claims 17-19 and 21-29 above.

The '810 application teaches everything except a color separation hologram instead teach a spectroscope for separating the multi light incident. Nakanishi teaches using holograms in combination with a scrolling unit instead of dichroic arrays (which the '810 application specifies in paragraph 15 is what a spectroscope is) and teaches in column 12 lines 20-32 that this improves light utilization and resolution. Accordingly it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to improve the '810 application by including holograms.

All other things are either taught by the '810 application alone or in combination with Nakanishi as outline in the above 35 USC 102 rejection based on Nakanishi.

This is a provisional obviousness-type double patenting rejection.

8. Claims 1-29 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claim 1 of copending Application No. 10/644,883 in view of Nakanishi et al. (US 5,9869,832) as applied to claims 17-19 and 21-29 above.

The '883 application teaches everything except a color separation hologram and a projection lens. Although the '883 application claims light emitting units emitting light beams of different wavelengths, one of ordinary skill in the art would recognize that this includes white light, which includes different wavelengths. Since the '883 application is silent on how to separate the light and Nakanishi teaches one well-known way of separating it; specifically Nakanishi teaches using holograms in combination with a scrolling unit instead of dichroic

Application/Control Number: 10/644,933

Art Unit: 2851

arrays and teaches in column 12 lines 20-32 that this improves light utilization and resolution.

Accordingly it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to improve claim 1 of the '883 application by including holograms.

All other things are either taught by the '883 application alone or in combination with Nakanishi as outline in the above 35 USC 102 rejection based on Nakanishi.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection.

Conclusion

9. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

US 2003/0007134 to Maximus teaches in figure 6 a rotating polarization wheel

US 6,619,802 to Janssen et al. teaches in figure 1 a rotating drum with diffractive holographic patterns on it.

US 6,219,110 to Ishikawa et al. teaches in figure 1, 7, and 8 different moving optical units.

US 6,547,398 to Cho et al. teaches in figure 16 a scrolling lenticular array.

US 2004/0105077 to Kim et al.

Page 7

Application/Control Number: 10/644,933

Art Unit: 2851

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Andrew T Sever whose telephone number is 571-272-2128. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Edward Lefkowitz can be reached on 271-272-2180. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

AS

Rodney Fuller
Primary Examiner